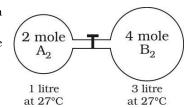


Date Planned : / /	Daily Tutorial Sheet-12	Expected Duration : 90 Min
Actual Date of Attempt : / /	Level-3	Exact Duration :

141. The gas  $A_2$  in the left flask is allowed to react with gas  $B_2$  present in right flask as  $A_2(g) + B_2(g) \Longrightarrow 2AB(g)$ ;  $K_c = 4$  at 27°C. What is the concentration of AB when equilibrium is established?



(A) 1.33 M

**(B)** 2.66 M

0.33 M

- **(**
- (C) 0.66 M (D)
- 142. Ammonium carbamate dissociates as  $\mathrm{NH_2COONH_4(s)} \rightleftharpoons 2\mathrm{NH_3(g)} + \mathrm{CO_2(g)}$ . In a closed vessel containing ammonium carbamate in equilibrium, ammonia is added such that partial pressure of  $\mathrm{NH_3}$  now equals to the original total pressure. Then the ratio of partial pressure of  $\mathrm{CO_2}$  now to the original partial pressure of  $\mathrm{CO_2}$  will be:
  - **(A)** 4
- **(B)** 9
- (C)  $\frac{4}{9}$
- **(D)**  $\frac{2}{9}$
- $\odot$
- 143. 0.020g of selenium vapour at equilibrium occupy a volume of 2.463mL at 1 atm and 27°C. The selenium is in a state of equilibrium according to reaction  $3Se_2(g) \rightleftharpoons Se_6(g)$ . What is the degree of association of selenium? (Atomic wt. of Se = 79)
  - **(A)** 0.205
- **(B)** 0.315
- **(C)** 0.14
- **(D)** None of these
- **144.** The degree of association (polymerization) for the reaction in aqueous solution



$$6$$
HCHO  $\rightleftharpoons$   $C_6$ H $_{12}$ O $_6$ 

(observed (mean) molar mass of HCHO and  $\,{\rm C_6H_{12}O_6}\,$  is 150) will be :

- **(A)** 0.50
- **(B)** 0.833
- **(C)** 0.90
- **(D)** 0.96
- A vessel of 250 litre was filled with 0.01 mole of  $Sb_2S_3$  and 0.01 mole of  $H_2$  to attain the equilibrium at  $440^{\circ}\text{C}$  as  $Sb_2S_3(s) + 3H_2(g) \Longrightarrow 2Sb(s) + 3H_2S(g)$ . After equilibrium, the  $H_2S$  formed was analysed by dissolving it in water and treating with excess of  $Pb^{2+}$  to give 1.19g of PbS as precipitate. What is the value of  $K_c$  at  $440^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?
  - **(A)** 1
- **(B)** 2
- **(C)** 4
- **(D)** 8
- **146.** Rate of diffusion of ozonized oxygen is  $0.4\sqrt{5}$  times of pure oxygen. What is the per cent degree of association of oxygen assuming pure  $O_2$  in the sample initially?
  - **(A)** 20
- **(B)** 40
- **(C)** 60
- **(D)** None of these